

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1 Product identifier

Product name VG Marine

Product number 2408

1.4 Supplier's details

Name Ardex Labs.
Address 2050 Byberry Rd
Philadelphia, PA 19116
United States of America

Telephone 2156980500

email info@ardexlabs.com

1.5 Emergency phone number(s)

800-424-9300

CHEMTREC - TOLL FREE 24 HOUR EMERGENCY TELEPHONE

NUMBER

Warning

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

Signal word

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS classification in accordance with: (US) OSHA (29 CFR 1910.1200)

- Flammable liquids (chapter 2.6), Cat. 4
- Skin corrosion/irritation (chapter 3.2), Cat. 3

2.2 GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

- 3	3
Hazard statement(s)	
H227	Combustible liquid
H316	Causes mild skin irritation
Precautionary statement(s)	
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P332+P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use foam/CO2 to extinguish.
P403+P235	Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool.
P501	Dispose of contents/container to local, state, and federal regulations





SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Hazardous components

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Component	Concentration			
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS no.: 64742-47-8)	< 40 % (Weight)_			
CLASSIFICATIONS: Flammable liquids (chapter 2.6), Cat. 4; Aspiration hazard (chapter 3.10), Cat. 1. HAZARDS: No data				
Aluminum oxide (Powder or Fiber) (CAS no.: 1344-28-1)	< 20 % (Weight)_			
CLASSIFICATIONS: No data available. HAZARDS: No data available.				
GLYCEROL (CAS no.: 56-81-5)	< 20 % (Weight)_			
CLASSIFICATIONS: No data available. HAZARDS: No data available.				
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic (CAS no.: 64742-56-9)	< 10 %			
CLASSIFICATIONS: Aspiration hazard (chapter 3.10), Cat. 1. HAZARDS: No data available.				

Trade secret statement (OSHA 1910.1200(i))

The specific chemical identities of the ingredients in this mixture are considered to be trade secrets and are withheld in accordance with the provisions of 1910.1200 of the code of federal regulations

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1 Description of necessary first-aid measures

General advice	Never give anything by mouth	to an unconscious person. If	vou feel unwell
Ochicial advice	ricker give arrything by modu	i to ari ariconscious personi. Il	you icci aliwcii,

seek medical advice (show the label if possible).

If inhaled Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.

In case of skin contact Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water or soap and

water for at least 15 minutes. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

In case of eye contact Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses,

if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention if

irritation develops or persists.

If swallowed Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Immediately call a POISON

CENTER or doctor/physician.

Personal protective equipment for first-aid responders

See Section 8 for exposure and PPE recomendations

4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

General: Causes skin irritation.

Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin Contact: Causes skin irritation. Symptoms may include: Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and

dermatitis.

Eye Contact: May cause eye irritation.

Ingestion: May be harmful if ingested in large quantities.



Chronic Symptoms: None expected under normal conditions of use.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Suitable extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Dry chemical, carbon dioxide, foam, water spray.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire Hazard: Not considered flammable but may burn at high temperatures.

Explosion Hazard: Product is not explosive.

Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

5.3 Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Under fire conditions, hazardous fumes will be present.

Firefighting Instructions: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon oxides (CO, CO2).

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid all contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing (vapor, mist, spray).

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

For Containment: Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. Methods for Cleaning Up: Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Spills should be contained with mechanical barriers. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection. For further information refer to section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.



7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage Conditions: Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers.

Specific end use(s)

Paint correction and protection.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

CAS: 1344-28-1

alpha-Alumina

Cal/OSHA: see PNOR PEL inhalation; NIOSH: See Appendix D REL inhalation

alpha-Alumina, Respirable fraction

Cal/OSHA: 5 mg/m3 PEL inhalation; OSHA: 5 mg/m3 PEL inhalation

alpha-Alumina, Total dust

Cal/OSHA: 10 mg/m3 PEL inhalation; OSHA: 15 mg/m3 PEL inhalation

CAS: 56-81-5

Glycerin (mist)

Cal/OSHA: PNOR PEL inhalation; NIOSH: See Appendix D REL inhalation

Glycerin (mist), Respirable fraction

Cal/OSHA: 5 mg/m3, PNOR PEL inhalation; OSHA: 5 mg/m3 PEL inhalation

Glycerin (mist), Total dust

Cal/OSHA: 10 mg/m3, PNOR PEL inhalation; OSHA: 15 mg/m3 PEL inhalation

CAS: 64742-56-9

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic

IUCLID: 5mg/m3

8.2 Appropriate engineering controls

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established Exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), NIOSH (REL), OSHA (PEL), Canadian provincial governments, or the Mexican government.

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

8.3 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Pictograms







Eye/face protection



Chemical goggles or safety glasses.

Skin protection

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Body protection

Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.

Respiratory protection

If exposure limits are not known or are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn.

Thermal hazards

No data available.

Environmental exposure controls

Melting point/freezing point

Do not allow the product to be released into the environment.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance/form (physical state, color, etc.) Thick Liquid [COLOR]

Odor Hydrocarbon-Fruity odor

Odor threshold No data available. Hq No data available. 18 °F (-7.78 °C)

210 - 212 °F (98.9 - 100 °C) Initial boiling point and boiling range

176°F ASTM D93- Procedure B (Pensky Marten closed Flash point

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No data available. Evaporation rate Flammability (solid, gas) No data available. Upper/lower flammability limits No data available. Vapor pressure No data available. Vapor density No data available. 1.00 - 1.45

Relative density Solubility(ies) Dispersible

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water No data available. Auto-ignition temperature No data available. Decomposition temperature No data available.

14000 cP Viscosity

Explosive properties No data available. Oxidizing properties No data available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions

10.2 Chemical stability



Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Incompatible materials

10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon oxides (CO, CO2).

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light: Acute dermal toxicity LD50 rabbit: 2,000 - 4,000 mg/kg Acute inhalation toxicity LC50 rat (4 hours): > 6.8 mg/l All rats survived at indicated concentration. Acute oral toxicity

LD50 rat: > 5,000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light: Skin corrosion/irritation Primary irritation (rabbit): 2.2 (Max. score is 8.0.)

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic: 64742-56-9 Distillates, petroleum, solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic LC50 5000mg/L Oncorhynchus mykiss 96h IUCLID

Serious eye damage/irritation

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light: Eye damage/irritation Primary irritation (rabbit): 3.3 (Max. score is 110.)

Respiratory or skin sensitization



D	istillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light: No data available.
G	erm cell mutagenicity
 D	oistillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light: No data available.
С	Carcinogenicity
 D	 Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light: Contains no ingredient listed as a carcinogen
R	eproductive toxicity
 D	istillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light: No data available.
s	summary of evaluation of the CMR properties
 D	istillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light: No data available.
S	TOT-single exposure
 D	istillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light: No data available.
S	TOT-repeated exposure
 D	istillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light: No data available.
Α	spiration hazard
 D	istillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light: No data available.
SECTI	ION 12: Ecological information
Т	oxicity
 D	 bistillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light: Not toxic to aquatic organisms (fish, daphnia, algae) up to water solubility.

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic: 64742-56-9 Distillates, petroleum, solvent-dewaxed light

paraffinic EC50 1000mg/L 48h Daphnia magna IUCLID

Persistence and degradability



Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light: Biodegradation

Readily biodegradable.

OECD Test Guideline 301F (28 d): 85 % Test substance: LPA® 170 Solvent

Bioaccumulative potential

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light: No data available.

Mobility in soil

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light: No data available.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light: No data available.

Other adverse effects

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light: No data available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal of the product

Sewage Disposal Recommendations: This material is hazardous to the aquatic environment. Keep out of sewers and waterways.

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, regional, national, provincial, territorial and international regulations.

Disposal of contaminated packaging

Dispose of as unused product.

Waste treatment

Dispose of only in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

Sewage disposal

Do not dispose of product in sewers.

Other disposal recommendations

No data available.

SECTION 14: Transport information

DOT (US)

Not dangerous goods



IMDG

Not dangerous goods

IATA

Not dangerous goods

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light: CAS: 64742-47-8

Chemical name: 1,2,3-Propanetriol

CAS number: 56-81-5 **SARA 311/312 Hazards**

Fire Hazard; immediate acute health hazard: Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light: CAS: 64742-47-8

Massachusetts Right To Know Components

Chemical name: Aluminum oxide (fibrous forms)

CAS number: 1344-28-1

New Jersey Right To Know Components

Common name: ALUMINUM OXIDE

CAS number: 1344-28-1

Common name: GLYCERIN CAS number: 56-81-5

Pennsylvania Right To Know Components

Chemical name: Aluminum oxide

CAS number: 1344-28-1

Chemical name: 1,2,3-Propanetriol

CAS number: 56-81-5

New regulation

Minnesota Haz Subs:

Chemical name: 1,2,3-Propanetriol

CAS number: 56-81-5

Massachusetts Right To Know Components

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic 64742-56-9

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision Date:

05/22/2017

Other Information:

This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.



Party Responsible for the Preparation of This Document
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This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

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